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We welcome correspondence in Welsh. Please let us know if your language choice is Welsh.



Annwyl Cynghorydd,

Cyfarwyddiaeth y Prif Weithredwr / Chief **Executive's Directorate**

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Dyddiad/Date: Dydd Iau, 25 Chwefror 2021

PWYLLGOR TROSOLWG A CHRAFFU CORFFORAETHOL

Cynhelir Cyfarfod Pwyllgor Trosolwg a Chraffu Corfforaethol o bell trwy ar Timau Microsoft Dydd Mercher, 3 Mawrth 2021 am 09:30.

<u>AGENDA</u>

1. Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb Derbyn ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb gan Aelodau.

2. Datganiadau o fuddiant

Derbyn datganiadau o ddiddordeb personol a rhagfarnol (os o gwbl) gan Aelodau / Swyddogion yn unol â darpariaethau'r Cod Ymddygiad Aelodau a fabwysiadwyd gan y Cyngor o 1 Medi 2008.

Monitro Cyllideb 2020-21 - Rhagolwg Refeniw Chwarter 3 3. Gwahoddwyr:

3 - 40

Pob aelod o'r Cabinet a'r Bwrdd rheoli Corfforaethol

4. Diweddariad Rhaglen Gwaith 41 - 46

5. Materion Brys

I ystyried unrhyw eitemau o fusnes y, oherwydd amgylchiadau arbennig y cadeirydd o'r farn y dylid eu hystyried yn y cyfarfod fel mater o frys yn unol â Rhan 4 (pharagraff 4) o'r Rheolau Trefn y Cyngor yn y Cyfansoddiad.

Nodyn: Sylwch: Yn sgil yr angen i gadw pellter cymdeithasol, ni fydd y cyfarfod hwn yn cael ei gynnal yn ei leoliad arferol. Yn hytrach, bydd hwn yn gyfarfod rhithwir a bydd Aelodau a Swyddogion yn mynychu o bell. Bydd y cyfarfod yn cael ei recordio i'w ddarlledu ar wefan y Cyngor cyn gynted ag sy'n ymarferol ar ôl y cyfarfod. Os oes gennych unrhyw gwestiwn am hyn, cysylltwch â cabinet committee@bridgend.gov.uk neu ffoniwch 01656 643147 / 643148.

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Yn ddiffuant **K Watson**

Prif Swyddog - Gwasanaethau Cyfreithiol, Adnoddau Dynol a Rheoleiddio

Dosbarthiad:

CynghowrwyrCynghorwyrCynghorwyrSE BaldwinT GiffardKL RowlandsJPD BlundellCA GreenRMI ShawN ClarkeM JonesJC SpanswickJ GebbieRL Penhale-ThomasT Thomas

BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL

REPORT TO THE CORPORATE OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

3 MARCH 2021

REPORT OF THE INTERIM CHIEF OFFICER – FINANCE, PERFORMANCE AND CHANGE

BUDGET MONITORING 2020-21 – QUARTER 3 REVENUE FORECAST

1.0 Purpose of report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide the Committee with an update on the Council's revenue financial position as at 31st December 2020, and virements between £100,000 and £500,000 as required by the Council's Financial Procedure Rules.
- 2.0 Connection to corporate well-being objectives / other corporate priorities
- 2.1 This report assists in the achievement of the following corporate well-being objectives under the **Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015**:-
 - 1. **Supporting a successful sustainable economy** taking steps to make the county borough a great place to do business, for people to live, work, study and visit, and to ensure that our schools are focused on raising the skills, qualifications and ambitions of all people in the county borough.
 - 2. Helping people and communities to be more healthy and resilient taking steps to reduce or prevent people from becoming vulnerable or dependent on the Council and its services. Supporting individuals and communities to build resilience, and enable them to develop solutions to have active, healthy and independent lives.
 - 3. **Smarter use of resources** ensuring that all resources (financial, physical, ecological, human and technological) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible and support the creation of resources throughout the community that can help deliver the Council's well-being objectives.
- 2.2 The allocation of budget determines the extent to which the Council's well-being objectives can be delivered.

3.0 Background

3.1 On 26th February 2020, Council approved a net revenue budget of £286.885 million for 2020-21. As part of the Performance Management Framework, budget projections are reviewed regularly and reported to Cabinet on a quarterly basis. The delivery of agreed budget reductions is also kept under review and reported to Cabinet as part of this process.

4.0 Current situation / proposal

4.1 Summary financial position at 31st December 2020

4.1.1 The Council's net revenue budget and projected outturn for 2020-21 is shown in Table 1 below.

Table 1- Comparison of budget against projected outturn at 31st December 2020

Directorate/Budget Area	Original Budget 2020-21 £'000	Revised Budget 2020-21 £'000	Projected Outturn Q3 2020-21 £'000	Projected Over / (Under) Spend 2020-21 £'000	Projected Over / (Under) Spend Qtr 2 2020-21 £'000
Directorate					
Education and Family Support Social Services and Wellbeing Communities Chief Executive's	120,931 70,894 27,790 18,228	123,512 73,240 28,379 18,773	124,839 74,052 27,627 18,573	1,327 812 (752) (200)	1,494 420 456 1,118
Total Directorate Budgets	237,843	243,904	245,091	1,187	3,488
Council Wide Budgets					
Capital Financing Levies	7,329 7,459	7,329 7,460	7,129 7,472	(200) 12	(200) 11
Apprenticeship Levy Council Tax Reduction Scheme	650 15,254	650 15,254	655 15,254	5 0	(14)
Insurance Premiums Repairs & Maintenance	1,438 870	1,438 753	1,376 753	(62) 0	(51) 0
Pension Related Costs Other Council Wide Budgets	430 15,612	430 9,167	435 2,230	5 (6,937)	0 (3,266)
Total Council Wide Budgets	49,042	42,481	35,304	(7,177)	(3,519)
Appropriation to Earmarked Reserves	0	500	5,799	5,299	0
Total	286,885	286,885	286,194	(691)	(31)

- 4.1.2 The overall projected position at 31st December 2020 is a net under spend of £691,000, comprising £1.187 million net over spend on directorates and a £7.177 million net under spend on corporate budgets, offset by net appropriation to earmarked reserves of £5.299 million. The projected position is based on:-
 - Inclusion of reimbursed expenditure/loss of income to date on areas impacted by COVID-19 received from Welsh Government (WG).
 - Exclusion of COVID-19 expenditure/loss of income claims that are currently being reviewed by WG at the time of writing this report.
 - Exclusion of COVID-19 expenditure/loss of income claims that have not yet been submitted as they relate to quarter 4 of 2020-21.

- 4.1.3 The projected under spend on 'other council wide' budgets of £6.937 million is primarily a result of the unprecedented year that the Council has faced during 2020-21, and its attempts to address the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. A combination of the uncertainty over the available funding along with the length of time and coverage of the support that has been made available by Welsh Government has meant that other council wide budgets have supported potential shortfalls. Successful claims to the WG COVID-19 fund since quarter 2, that otherwise would have to have been met from other council wide budgets, amounted to £3.430 million. Other reasons for the projected under spend include the movement on inflation rates since budget setting (CPI was 1.7% in February 2020 and had reduced to 0.3% by November 2020) and therefore the reduced requirement to allocate budget to service areas in-year (£1.5 million), and additional grant funding being made available from WG to contribute to the increased costs of teachers' pay (£291,980).
- 4.1.4 As a consequence of the projected one off underspends we have been able to create in-year earmarked reserves to support economic stimulus and investment in our communities at this unprecedented time. Detailed movements in earmarked reserves can be found in section 4.4, however new additions in quarter 3 include a £2.5 million addition to the unallocated capital reserve to be utilised against projected capital pressures, and a £500,000 increase to the revenue maintenance reserve to be utilised against projected maintenance pressures.
- 4.1.5 In addition, given the significant funding required to meet pay and price costs in 2021-22, and potential pressures on Council Tax collection (see 4.1.17) and increase in eligibility for council tax support through the Council Tax Reduction Scheme (see 4.1.18), any uncommitted funding from other council wide budgets in 2020-21 will be carried forward to meet those pressures in the new financial year.
- 4.1.6 The Council received its provisional local government settlement for 2021-22 from Welsh Government on 22nd December 2020. A report is being presented to Cabinet on 19th January 2021 on the draft Medium Term Financial Strategy 2021-22 to 2024-25 which sets out the spending priorities of the Council, key investment objectives and budget areas targeted for necessary savings. The strategy includes a financial forecast for 2021-25 and a detailed draft revenue budget for 2021-22. It is clear from the report that there will be difficult choices to make and pressures to meet going forward. In addition, there is still one quarter of the financial year remaining and there are a number of volatile budgets which could impact upon this position as well as the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, particularly during the winter months.
- 4.1.7 A detailed analysis of the more significant projected under and over spends is set out in section 4.3. The position on directorate budgets has improved since quarter 2, with the projected over spend reducing by £2.3 million. This is primarily due to successful claims to WG for COVID-19 related additional expenditure and loss of income since quarter 2 that have been built into the quarter 3 projections. The position has not improved by the full movement in WG claims of £3.430 million since quarter 2 as referenced in 4.1.3 as some budgets are seeing continuing pressure as lockdown continues, for example Catering services, due to provision of Free School Meals during school holidays and periods where pupils are in self-isolation. Claims will continue to be made to

WG for the remainder of the 2020-21 financial year and if successful, will further improve the financial position by the year end.

COVID-19

4.1.8 The UK was put into lockdown on 23rd March 2020 in an unprecedented step to attempt to limit the spread of coronavirus. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic has had an inevitable impact on the Council's financial position in a number of ways:

Additional cost pressures	Some have been one-off and some recurrent. The majority of one-off cost pressures have been submitted for funding to the WG Hardship Fund, e.g. PPE, ICT, voids etc. It is unlikely that recurrent pressures will be met in the medium term.
Lost income	Again, some have been one-off losses, others will be deferred losses (e.g. potentially planning income), and others could be permanent recurrent losses. Claims have been submitted to WG covering loss of income for quarter 1 and 2. Main areas claimed were car parking, school meals and a contribution to the Council's leisure service provider.
2020-21 MTFS savings not met	Total MTFS savings for the year of £2.413m which may not be achieved (e.g. staffing restructures, remodelling of services, income generation) or which may be achieved fortuitously due to circumstances, but will require decisions going forward on whether or not to proceed or revisit.
Unanticipated savings	For areas where service provision has reduced or stopped and subsequent savings have been made e.g. home to school transport, premises and fuel.
Council Tax	There is likely to be a shortfall in council tax collection, especially given the delay in starting recovery, and an increase in council tax benefits.

- 4.1.9 As reported to Cabinet on 30th June 2020, a COVID Earmarked Reserve of £3 million was created at the end of 2019-20. Also on 30th June Cabinet agreed a proposed approach to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic to allow the Council to re-start, recover and renew its service provision. A Recovery Panel to help shape, inform and advise Cabinet on the Council's recovery planning has been established. Phase 1 findings were reported to Cabinet on 15th September 2020.
- 4.1.10 Cabinet and Corporate Management Board (CCMB) agreed to establish a COVID-19 Recovery Fund for 2020-21 on a 'one off' basis to provide funding for conscious and proactive decisions aimed at boosting recovery that were unlikely to be paid for by WG, with £500,000 being utilised from the 2020-21 Public Realm fund (see section 4.3.3) and a further £500,000 being ring-fenced from the COVID-19 Earmarked Reserve to create a fund of £1 million.

Estimated costs of the Council's response to the COVID-19 pandemic

4.1.11 In response to the pandemic, the Council, alongside other organisations, has provided direct support to its community / residents in a number of ways. Welsh Government has provided specific eligibility criteria for each of its funding streams, and all directorates have been made aware of them, and are capturing costs accordingly. Any COVID-19 costs which are not identified and claimed will need to be funded from the normal service budgets. Claims submitted to WG covering expenditure to November 2020, and the outcome of these claims are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 – COVID-19 expenditure claims up to November 2020

Specific Hardship Fund	Claimed	Paid	On hold	Disallowed
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
General	1,793	1,040	207	546
Homelessness	1,629	1,565	64	0
Free School Meals	1,642	1,044	492	106
Schools (including HUB costs)	1,233	945	257	30
Adult Social Services	3,348	2,947	382	18
Total	9,644	7,541	1,403	700

- 4.1.12 The majority of the disallowed expenditure (£476,000) relates to ICT costs incurred by the Council primarily to establish home working arrangements. The WG hardship panel agreed that these costs may be additional and not within the Council's financial plans, however they also felt that having such assets in place provides longer term benefits to local authorities. A contribution of 50% was therefore agreed with the majority of the balance being funded from the annual corporate capital budget along with a one-off contribution of £114,180 from corporate contingency (see 4.1.19). The majority of the £106,000 disallowed expenditure under the Free School Meals category relates to the delivery costs of the food parcels which took the cost of the provision over the funding threshold set by Welsh Government.
- 4.1.13 The majority of the £1.403 million claims that have been placed on hold relates to the claim of £1.018 million for additional expenditure incurred in November. The outcome of this claim is not known at the time of writing this report, therefore the reimbursement of these costs has not been assumed in the quarter 3 projections.
- 4.1.14 The Council has also submitted claims for loss of income to the Welsh Government for quarter 1 and quarter 2 of 2020-21 totalling £4.155 million as shown in Table 3.

Table 3 - COVID-19 loss of income to Quarter 2 2020-21

Education and Family Support Directorate Schools 297 297 297 Social £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'1.496m - School income, £45K - Chadolescent Menta Services (CAMHS) £1.496m - School income, £45K - Chadolescent Menta Services (CAMHS) £107K - school menta income, £190K - Io income from hire opremises £501K - contributi Council's leisure seprovider, £130K - Io income from hire opremises	funded
Family Support Directorate 1,704 1,544 160 0 income, £45K – Cr Adolescent Mental Services (CAMHS) £107K - school me income, £190K - lo income from hire of premises £501K – contributi Council's leisure s provider, £130K - l	
Schools 297 297 0 income, £190K - lo income from hire or premises £501K - contributi Council's leisure s provider, £130K - lo	Child and tal Health
Social Council's leisure s	loss of
Services & Wellbeing Directorate 695 695 0 0 and non-residentia contribution income dual use sites where facilities are mana community use out school hours	e service - Residential tial client ome, £64K – here naged for
Communities Directorate 1,064 959 1 104 £393K - Car Park In £160K - rental incorproperties due to 3 rent holiday, £52K occupancy of prop £103K - civil enfor income, £116K Green/Bulky/Trade income, Pitch and hire - £45K, Fleet \$£46K, Bus station	come from 3 month K – reduced operties, orcement de waste de Pavilion t Services -
Chief Executive's Directorate 395 64 258 74 £34K – legal, demor regulatory service registration fees, £ housing, £6K finar	ces, £15K - , £9K

- 4.1.15 £3.558 million has been approved and paid to date. £418,000 is currently on hold whilst we provide further evidence to WG (mostly £160,000 special school recoupment income and £258,000 for income streams within the Chief Executive's directorate where the WG panel will seek updates at quarter 4 to see if the overall position has improved). The quarter 3 projections have excluded the 'on hold' loss of income categories as there is no certainty at this time in relation to the outcome of these claims. £178,000 has been disallowed this mainly relates to loss of rental income from properties in quarter 2 due to the continuing rental holiday agreed in quarter 1 (£104,000). WG has disallowed this claim on the basis that this was a local authority decision. This has subsequently been agreed by Cabinet to be funded from the COVID-19 Recovery Fund. (See 4.1.16).
- 4.1.16 Cabinet has also committed £629,000 from the COVID Recovery Fund to support the free car parking offer for Town Centres, a phased rental income increase for its own premises, waived sports fees, wider economic resilience schemes and COVID-19 awareness training for Town Centre businesses. These have been built into the quarter 3 projections.

- 4.1.17 In addition to lost income from service provision, the Council is also likely to see a reduction in council tax income collection over the 2020-21 financial year as more people have suffered financial hardship through the pandemic. A number of measures were put in place to support those facing difficulty in paying their council tax, but it is estimated that there is still likely to be a lower collection rate than normal. A 1% reduction in the council tax income collection rate could result in an additional pressure to the Council of around £1 million. Given the range of measures put in place to support council tax payers, it is too early to provide a realistic indication of projected council tax for this financial year. Whilst no funding has been identified by WG for reduced council tax income, WG are monitoring this across all Welsh Local Authorities.
- 4.1.18 Alongside this, the impact of a significant increase in claims for universal credit is manifesting itself in an increase in eligibility for council tax reduction support, and the additional cost of this compared with 2019-20 could be between £500,000 to £1 million over the 2020-21 financial year. Funding has been received from WG for the first quarter of 2020-21 (£133,000) and a commitment has also been given from WG to provide funding for quarter 2. However, it is difficult to predict the full year impact as we continue to see the impact of the ongoing furlough scheme/newly unemployed and a likely increase in the number of benefits claimants, but the cost will at least be partly mitigated.

Budget virements/technical adjustments

4.1.19 There have been a number of budget virements and technical adjustments between budgets since the MTFS was approved by Council in February 2020. The budget position is reported on the assumption that these virements will be approved. The main virements and technical adjustments are outlined below:

Budget Virements

Service vired from / to	Amount
One-off contribution from Corporate Contingency to fund part	£114,180
of the shortfall on the COVID-19 ICT costs that were only	
funded 50% by WG from the Hardship Fund (see paragraph	
4.1.12)	

Technical Adjustments

Service vired from / to	Amount
Transfer of inflationary uplifts to Directorate budgets not confirmed	£354,454
when the MTFS is agreed that are held centrally until evidence of	
the uplift is provided by the service areas	
Transfer of inflationary uplifts to the Schools Delegated Budget	£18,148
not confirmed when the MTFS is agreed that are held centrally	
until evidence of the uplift is provided by the service areas	
Allocation of funding retained centrally in respect of teachers' pay	£998,200
award 2020-21, net of grant received	
Allocation of funding retained centrally in respect of the 2.75% pay	£711,720
award for National Joint Council (NJC) workers – school based	
staff	
Allocation of funding retained centrally in respect of the 2.75% pay	£2,171,309
award for National Joint Council (NJC) workers – directorate staff	
Transfer of Real Living Wage uplifts to Directorate Budgets	£75,360
that were held centrally until evidence of the uplift was	
provided.	

- 4.1.20 Welsh Government made additional grant funding available in quarter 3 to contribute towards the additional cost of teachers' pay increases which were originally funded in full through the MTFS. The release of the funding through the MTFS is shown in the technical adjustments table above.
- 4.1.21 Inflation rates have fluctuated since the budget for 2020-21 was set (CPI was 1.7% in February 2020 and had reduced to 0.3% by November 2020). This has resulted in a reduction to transfers of inflationary uplifts to Directorate budgets compared with original estimates which has contributed to the projected under spend on corporate budgets (see 4.3.5). However, with the uncertainty around Brexit and COVID-19, and the possible economic fallout arising from these, it is likely that the provision set aside in the MTFS for 2021-22 will need to be supplemented by any funding not committed from the Council wide budgets this financial year.

Budget Reduction Proposals

- 4.1.22 The net budget for the financial year has been set assuming full implementation of the current year budget reduction requirements across the Council's budget, which amount to £2.413 million. Where proposals to meet this requirement have been delayed or are not achievable directorates have been tasked with identifying alternative proposals to meet their requirements such as vacancy management, or bringing forward alternative budget reduction proposals.
- 4.1.23 The draft Medium Term Financial Strategy for 2021-22 to 2024-25 which is being presented to Cabinet on 19th January 2021 includes a number of pressures facing Bridgend County Borough Council over the life of the MTFS. The report reiterates the need to develop recurrent budget reduction proposals, based on the most likely scenario, amounting to £22.095 million over the next four years. Against that background it is essential that expenditure is kept within the overall approved budget and that longer term proposals continue to be developed so that the Council has as much flexibility as possible to meet the challenges which lie ahead.

4.1.24 At year end consideration will be given to requests from directors to carry forward any planned directorate under spends for specific purposes, as earmarked reserves, into the following year, in line with the Council's Reserves and Balances Protocol, as long as these can be met from within the Council's cash limited budget for 2020-21. This is in line with the reports to Cabinet and Council on the MTFS, and the Council's Financial Procedure Rules. Similarly, consideration will be given to any budget over spends to determine whether these should be carried forward as a first call on the directorate budget for the following year. If over spends are due to budget reduction proposals not being achieved, Directors will be asked to identify if any of these proposals are still not likely to be achieved in full during the 2021-22 financial year, and to identify mitigating actions that will be undertaken to achieve them. Finally, outstanding prudential borrowing will be repaid, where possible, to reduce future capital financing charges. However, a decision will not be made until towards the end of the financial year when the overall outturn position is more definite.

4.2 Monitoring of Budget Reduction Proposals

Prior Year Budget Reductions

4.2.1 A report was presented to Cabinet on 30th June 2020 on Revenue Budget Outturn 2019-20. In the report it was highlighted that, for 2017-18 to 2018-19, there were £2.342 million of budget reduction proposals that were not met in full, with a total outstanding balance to be met of £459,000. In addition, of the 2019-20 budget reduction proposals of £7.621 million, it was reported that there was a total outstanding balance to be met of £806,000. Directors have been asked to identify if any of these proposals are still not likely to be achieved in full during the 2020-21 financial year, and to identify mitigating actions that will be undertaken to achieve them. A summary of the latest position is attached as Appendix 1 with a summary per directorate provided in Table 4.

Table 4 – Outstanding Prior Year Budget Reductions

	Total Budget Reductions Required	Total Budget Reductions Likely to be Achieved	Shortfall
DIRECTORATE /BUDGET REDUCTION AREA	£'000	£'000	£'000
Education and Family Support	269	0	269
Social Services and Wellbeing	452	452	0
Communities	1,750	1,310	440
Chief Executive's	30	30	0
TOTAL	2,501	1,792	709

- 4.2.2 Table 4 shows that of the £2.501 million outstanding prior year reductions, £1.792 million is likely to be achieved in 2020-21 leaving a shortfall of £709,000. Proposals still not likely to be achieved include:
 - Learner Transport Policy and Transport Route efficiencies (£194,000) and Review of Special Schools Home to School Transport (£75,000). As reported to Cabinet on 21st July 2020 the shortfall has been funded from the Council's contingency budget in 2020-21 and for future years the Education and Family Support Directorate have submitted a budget pressure request as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.
 - Permitting Scheme for Road Works (£100,000). The Streetworks review is reaching completion and will then be submitted to Welsh Government for consideration.
 - Reductions to the budget for the MREC (£1.3 million). As reported to Cabinet on 21st July 2020 the shortfall will be funded from the Council's contingency budget in 2020-21, and for future years the Communities Directorate has submitted a budget pressure request as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.
- 4.2.3 As outlined in the MTFS reports to Cabinet and Council, MTFS Principle 7 states that "Savings proposals are fully developed and include realistic delivery timescales prior to inclusion in the annual budget. An MTFS Budget Reduction Contingency Reserve will be maintained to mitigate against unforeseen delays". An MTFS Budget Reduction Contingency reserve was established in 2016-17. This reserve has been used to meet specific budget reduction proposals in previous years on a one-off basis pending alternative measures. During the remainder of the financial year, the Section 151 Officer will consider applications from Directorates to the MTFS Budget Reduction Contingency reserve to mitigate some of the shortfalls.

Budget Reductions 2020-21

4.2.4 The budget approved for 2020-21 included budget reduction proposals totalling £2.413 million, which is broken down in Appendix 2 and summarised in Table 5 below. The current position is a projected shortfall on the savings target of £490,000, or 20.3% of the overall reduction target.

Table 5 – Monitoring of Budget Reductions 2020-21

	Total Budget Reductions Required	Total Budget Reductions Likely to be Achieved	Shortfall
DIRECTORATE /BUDGET REDUCTION AREA	£'000	£'000	£'000
Education and Family Support	239	114	125
Schools	0	0	0
Social Services and Wellbeing	820	537	283
Communities	646	564	82
Chief Executive's	508	508	0
Council Wide Budgets	200	200	0
TOTAL	2,413	1,923	490

- 4.2.5 The most significant budget reduction proposals unlikely to be achieved in full include:
 - EFS1 Phased Implementation of Learner Transport Policy (£75,000). As reported to Cabinet on 21st July 2020 the shortfall is being funded from the Council's contingency budget in 2020-21.
 - SSW20 Further savings from leisure centres and swimming pools (£70,000)
 - SSW27 Increase income generation from mobile response and telecare charging (£75,000)
 - SSW29 Further review of staffing structures across Adults' and Children's Services (£175,000)
- 4.2.6 Appendix 2 identifies the projected amount of saving against these proposals in detail and action to be taken by the directorate to mitigate the shortfall. Directors continue to work with their staff to deliver their proposals or identify alternatives and this is reflected in the forecast outturn for the year. In the longer term, these proposals must be realised or met through alternative budget reduction proposals in order to deliver a balanced budget position.

4.3 Commentary on the Financial Position at 31st December 2020

Financial Position at 31st December 2020

A summary of the financial position for each main service area is attached as Appendix 3 to this report and comments on the most significant variances are provided below. The main impact of COVID-19 on the budget, if we assumed that no further funding was forthcoming from WG, is summarised in Table 6 below. This outlines the areas where there would be over spends as a result of the pandemic, alongside areas where we would make savings from reduced provision of services. If funding was received for all our additional cost pressures and loss of income, the net position could improve by £2.269 million:-

Table 6 – Net impact of COVID-19 on the financial position at 31st December 2020

Directorate	COVID Related	COVID Related	Net	
	Over spends	Under spends	Over/ (under) spend	Comments
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Education and Family Support	937	-437	500	Net loss on the provision of school meals and shortfall in special school recoupment income, offset by reduced payments to bus contractors and early years provision.
Social Services and Wellbeing	373	0	373	Mainly relates to level of voids in Local Authority Residential Care Settings.
Communities	104	-378	(274)	Loss of income claim for loss of rental of potential occupants (vacant stalls/buildings) and delays in signing leases, offset by net reduction in seasonal staff costs for parks and playing fields and one-off grant income.
Chief Executive's	855	0	855	Additional costs of facilities for homeless plus lower income from registrars, licensing and public health.
Total	2,269	-815	1,454	

4.3.1 **Education and Family Support Directorate**

The net budget for the Directorate for 2020-21 is £123.512 million. Current projections indicate an over spend of £1.327 million at year end. COVID-19 expenditure and loss of income included in this projection amount to £937,000 - if these were to be successfully claimed from WG, the projection would improve to an over spend of £390,000. The main variances are:

EDUCATION & FAMILY SUPPORT DIRECTORATE	Net Budget	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance	Over/ (under) specifically COVID- 19 related £'000
Inclusion	1,983	2,576	593	29.9%	160
Home to School Transport	5,856	6,404	548	9.4%	(337)
Catering Services	1,033	1,810	777	75.2%	777
Integrated Working and Family Support	1,528	1,371	(157)	-10.3%	-
Adult Education	136	58	(78)	-57.4%	
Early Years	539	439	(100)	-18.6%	(100)
Pupil Support/Education Welfare	492	418	(74)	-15.0%	
Health & Safety	388	306	(82)	-21.1%	-
Youth Justice Service	369	334	(35)	-9.5%	-

Schools' Delegated Budgets

Total funding delegated to schools in 2020-21 is £101.414 million.

The schools' delegated budget is reported as balanced as any under or over spend is automatically carried forward into the new financial year before being considered by the Corporate Director - Education and Family Support in line with the 'Guidance and Procedures on Managing Surplus School Balances'.

At the start of 2020-21, projections indicated an overall deficit balance for school delegated budgets of £1.146 million at year end. At quarter 3 this has improved to a projected deficit of £82,945. There has been a slight reduction in spending across schools since the original projections, e.g. energy savings during original lockdown, however this will require close monitoring for the remaining quarter of 2020-21 as the schools may experience an increase in costs in certain areas that would mitigate these one-off savings. There are currently 22 primary schools, 3 secondary schools and no special schools (42% of all schools) projecting a deficit balance at year end.

Central Education and Family Support Budgets

Inclusion

• There is a projected over spend of £593,000 for Inclusion which primarily relates to the shortfall in recoupment income for other Local Authority (LA) placements at Heronsbridge School and Ysgol Bryn Castell. £160,000 has been included in our claim to WG for 'loss of income' for the first quarter of 2020-21 which is currently on hold, hence the income has not been included in the above projection. If the claim is successful the projected over spend will reduce accordingly. The balance of the projected over spend is due to a

reduction in the number of other LA pupils in Bridgend schools from 20 in the summer term 2020 compared with 14 for the autumn term 2020. It should be noted that some places can result in income in excess of £100,000.

Home to School Transport (HTST)

- There is a projected over spend on Home to School Transport of £548,000 in 2020-21.
- The projected over spend takes into account the estimated savings of £337,000 that were made during the first quarter due to local authorities being recommended to pay a minimum of 75% of the contract value for school and other contracted local passenger services in order for them to remain viable.
- In September 2015, Cabinet agreed changes to the local authority's Home to School/College Transport Policy in order to meet MTFS savings identified from 2016-17 to 2019-20. The policy change was implemented in September 2016 and Cabinet resolved to protect the entitlement of all pupils currently benefitting from home to school transport at the former distances until they moved schools or moved from one phase of education to another. Furthermore protection was provided for siblings of children already in receipt at the former distances, where they too would benefit from free transport at the same distance. Parents who were aggrieved that their child was at detriment in comparison with their peers challenged the safety of walked routes to schools. Therefore, the local authority agreed in August 2017 to progress the formal assessments of walking routes to schools. It was then proposed to seek the views of the public on a number of policy proposals, not least the implementation of available walked route assessments. In July 2019, Cabinet agreed to undertake a full 12-week public consultation on a new set of proposals that would provide sufficient savings to support the MTFS.
- On 15 September 2020 Cabinet were updated on the outcomes of the consultation exercise and resolved to defer the decision to amend the Local Authority's Learner Travel Policy until after the review of the current statutory distances by Welsh Government in March 2021. It is unlikely that any change to the statutory distances by Welsh Government will follow until 2022 at the earliest and therefore even if the statutory distances reduce as a result of this review, the RSG would unlikely reflect this until 2022-23 at the earliest. In the meantime there are ongoing historic pressures associated with budget reductions that have not been supported by a policy change of £269,000 and an in year MTFS savings target of £75,000 which remains undeliverable. For 2020-21 the overall shortfall of £344,000 on the HTST savings has been funded from the Council's contingency budget.
- Significant additional spend is associated with the delivery of packed lunches at the outset of the pandemic and the delivery of food parcels utilising school transport providers. As noted in 4.1.12, these costs have been disallowed in our claims to the Hardship Fund. There is also ongoing additional daily spend for the delivery of food parcels for pupils self-isolating and for those parcels that are undelivered by the local authority's approved provider for eligible pupils over the school holiday periods e.g. October half-term.
- Some additional transport has also been required to maintain social distancing in contact groups. These additional costs have been submitted to WG for funding but are currently on hold as noted in 4.1.13.
- There is significant additional cost associated with the provision of some specialist transport, for example, for looked-after children. The individual needs of these children, particularly those who are placed out-of-county, means that

- dedicated school transport is increasingly costly as options for their transport are limited.
- By combining the £337,000 in-year saving, the £344,000 funding from the Council's contingency budget and the projected over spend of £548,000, the underlying budget pressure on the HTST budget amounts to £1.229 million.
- A decision by Cabinet was made in October 2020 to authorise the tendering of 272 home-to-school transport contract of all types with an annual value of £4.9m. It is hoped this will result in future savings year-on-year. The outcome of this procurement exercise will be known during guarter 4 of 2020-2021.

Catering Services

• The projected over spend of £777,000 has primarily arisen as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The projection includes the claim for provision of free school meals (FSM) food parcels of £492,000 that is currently on-hold by WG until further supporting evidence is received and therefore not included in our projections (see Table 2), and also reflects anticipated additional costs to March 2021. The remaining over spend relates to a projected reduction in forecast levels of school meal income due to reduced take up of schools meals since the return to school in September. It is anticipated that claims for shortfalls in school meal income will be included in our future claims to WG, however the income is not assumed in our current projections.

Integrated Working and Family Support

• The projected under spend of £157,000 relates primarily to staff vacancies within the service and maximisation of grant income. The vacant posts are expected to be filled and this is built into the current projection.

Adult Education

 The projected under spend of £78,000 relates to staff vacancies within the service. The vacant posts are expected to be filled and this is built into the current projection.

Early Years

 The projected under spend of £100,000 relates primarily to reduced costs during the period where non-LA nurseries were closed during the first COVID-19 lockdown period.

Pupil Support/Education Welfare Service

 The projected under spend of £74,000 relates to staff vacancies across these services. The vacant posts are expected to be filled and this is built into the current projection.

Health & Safety

 The projected under spend of £82,000 relates to staff vacancies within the service. The vacant posts are expected to be filled and this is built into the current projection.

Youth Justice Service

• There is a projected under spend of £35,000 within the Youth Offending Service. This is primarily due to current staff vacancies within the service. A planned re-structure this calendar year will result in the full budget being committed moving forward.

4.3.2 Social Services and Wellbeing Directorate

The Directorate's net budget for 2020-21 is £73.240 million. Current projections indicate an over spend of £812,000 at year end. Loss of income included in this projection amounts to £373,000 – if these were successfully claimed from WG, the projection would improve to an over spend of £439,000. The main variances are:

SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING DIRECTORATE	Net Budget	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance	Over/ (under) specifically COVID-19 related £'000
Adult Social Care	48,815	49,521	706	1.4%	373
Prevention and Wellbeing	5,200	5,139	(61)	-1.2%	-
Childrens Social Care	19,225	19,392	167	0.9%	

Adult Social Care

There is a projected net over spend of £706,000 on the Adult Social Care budget. The main areas contributing to this over spend are:-

- Older People Residential Care there is projected over spend of £870,000 due to increased placement costs and reduction in personal contributions.
 Anticipated future loss of income claims to WG of £248,000, if agreed, would improve the position to an over spend of £622,000.
- Care at Home for Older People this includes domiciliary care services, local authority homecare services and the provision of direct payments. The projected under spend of £562,000 is a combination of an over spend on the Direct Payments budget (£196,000) due to an increase in the number of cases, offset by an under spend on the homecare budget primarily due to staffing vacancies and delays implementing a restructure due to COVID-19. Anticipated future claims to the WG Hardship fund of £63,000, if agreed, would improve the position to an under spend of £625,000.
- Assessment and Care Management there is a projected under spend of £132,000 due to a challenging recruitment environment and maximisation of grant income to offset staffing costs.
- Additional staffing costs there is a projected over spend of £30,000 in relation to anticipated extra staffing resources required in quarter 4 due to numbers of staff self-isolating. It is anticipated that this will be included in the future claims to the WG Hardship fund and, if agreed, would improve the position by £30,000.
- Physical Disability/Sensory Impairment there is a projected over spend of £21,000. This is due primarily to a combination of an under spend on the Residential Care budget due to increases in client contributions (£121,000), an under spend on Assessment & Care Management due to staff vacancy management (£51,000), offsetting an over spend on Care at Home mainly due to an increase in Direct Payment costs (£83,000) and an over spend on equipment and adaptations based on forecasted level of usage (£120,000).

- Adult Learning Disabilities there is a projected over spend of £253,000. This
 is mainly due to increased external homecare costs and set up costs for a new
 supported living scheme that commenced in October 2020. Anticipated future
 claims to the WG Hardship fund of £24,000, if agreed, would reduce the over
 spend to £229,000.
- Mental Health there is a projected over spend of £327,000. This is mainly due
 to increased homecare costs due to additional placements relating to
 independent domiciliary care and high cost supported living placements.
 Anticipated future claims to the WG Hardship fund of £8,000, if agreed, would
 reduce the over spend to £319,000.
- Management and Central Services there is a projected under spend of £81,000 primarily due to staff vacancy management and under spends on training costs. However, at the time of writing the report, there are issues as a result of COVID-19 throughout the directorate in terms of staffing levels. This under spend may be needed to fund agency staff cover, direct payments or innovative recruitment to enable the directorate to provide sufficient levels of care. The cost implication is currently difficult to estimate, therefore this projection might worsen in the final quarter of 2020-21. Wherever possible, any additional costs due to COVID-19 will be reclaimed via the WG Hardship fund.

Prevention and Wellbeing

• The Council has received WG funding to compensate for the quarter 1 and 2 loss of income (£501,000) to contribute to the net loss of running the leisure services due to COVID-19. If no further funding is received from WG for the remainder of 2020-21, a contribution will be made from the Public Realm budget within the Communities Directorate towards this (see section 4.3.3). The impact of the latest lockdown restrictions on the leisure services will have to be closely monitored in the final quarter of 2020-21 and into 2021-22.

Childrens Social Care

There is a projected net over spend of £167,000 on Children's Social Care. The main areas contributing to this over spend are:-

- The Looked After Children (LAC) budget is projected to over spend by £385,000. Average LAC numbers were 376 in 2018-19, 384 in 2019-20 and are currently 394. Numbers can fluctuate month to month and three additional Out of County placements initiated since quarter 2 have contributed to the increase in over spend on this budget.
- Family Support Services is projected to over spend by £91,000 primarily due
 the increased demand for Direct Payments. There are currently 110 Direct
 Payment clients compared with 114 at the end of 2019-20 however the
 projected over spend is primarily because of increased costs due to complexity
 of cases.
- The above over spends have been offset by a projected under spend of £308,000 on staffing vacancies within Commissioning and Social work due to a challenging recruitment environment and maximisation of grant income to offset staffing costs.

4.3.3 Communities Directorate

The net budget for the Directorate for 2020-21 is £28.379 million. The current projection is an anticipated under spend of £752,000. This is an improvement on the projected over spend of £456,000 reported at quarter 2, which is due to a combination of loss of income claims to WG being approved since the quarter 2 projection (£360,000), an upturn in planning application income (£113,000), one-off grant funding from WG (£86,000), an increase in income in Bereavement Services (£95,000), and improved projections within Corporate Landlord (£228,000). Loss of income included in this projection amounts to £104,000 - if this were successfully claimed from WG, the projection would improve to an under spend of £856,000. The main variances are:

COMMUNITIES DIRECTORATE	Net Budget £'000	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance	Over/ (under) specifically COVID- 19 related £'000
Grounds Maintenance	1,683	1,390	(293)	-17.4%	(293)
Planning and Development	552	459	(93)	-16.8%	-
Economic Resilience & Growth	562	444	(118)	-21.0%	(85)
Highways Services (DSO)	2,786	2,675	(111)	-4.0%	-
Engineering Services	85	(19)	(104)	-122.4%	-
Street Lighting	1,691	1,519	(172)	-10.2%	-
Bereavement Services	83	(37)	(120)	-144.6%	-
Corporate Landlord	2,962	3,179	217	7.3%	104

Grounds Maintenance

• There is a projected under spend of £293,000 on the grounds maintenance budget. This is primarily due to a reduction in the use of seasonal staff due directly to COVID-19.

Planning and Development

There is a projected under spend in planning and development of £93,000
which has improved since the quarter 2 projections. This is primarily due to an
upturn in planning application income. Fee income is subject to considerable
fluctuations between years, depending on the number and type of applications.

Economic Resilience & Growth

• The projected under spend of £118,000 is primarily due to maximisation of oneoff grant funding of £83,000 received from WG in quarter 3.

Highways Services (DSO)

 The projected under spend of £111,000 within the Highways Services (DSO) is primarily due to members of staff working on, and hence charging their time to, the ongoing SALIX capital scheme to enable the replacement of street lighting with new energy efficient LED units. This is not a recurring saving as it is limited to the timeframe of the capital programme.

Engineering Services

 The projected under spend of £104,000 within Engineering Services is primarily due to an increase in the level of fee earning jobs (balance of EU/non EU funded projects) and the differing chargeable rates allowed.

Street Lighting

 The LED replacement programme has generated a projected under spend on energy consumption of £172,000 in 2020-21. £48,000 of this is a one-off projected under spend due to the financial profiling of the annual loan repayments. The remaining projected under spend is being considered as part of future MTFS savings for the Communities Directorate.

Bereavement Services

• The projected under spend of £120,000 within Bereavement Services is based on a comparison of income levels at quarter 3 in 2020-21 compared with quarter 3 in 2019-20.

Corporate Landlord

- The projected over spend on the corporate landlord budget has reduced from £489,000 at quarter 2 to £217,000 at quarter 3. This is as a result of a combination of £52,000 being successfully claimed from the WG COVID loss of income fund for loss of rental of potential occupants (vacant stalls/buildings) and delays in signing leases due to COVID-19, £128,000 on staff vacancy management due to a challenging recruitment environment, and £100,000 reduction in energy cost projections for the Council's core buildings.
- It is anticipated that a further £104,000 will be claimed from WG as part of the quarter 3 and 4 loss of income claim, but this has not been built into the projections.
- The balance of the shortfall in Corporate Landlord is primarily due to a reduction in productivity levels in the Facilities Management team in the first quarter of 2020-21, due to social distancing requirements in the workplace, and staff being re-deployed to support COVID-19 related activities – e.g. supporting FSM deliveries.

Public Realm Infrastructure

• Council approved a £2 million public realm budget as part of the MTFS in February 2020. At quarter 1 there was a projected under spend of £1.716 million against this budget heading. As reported in para 4.1.10 CCMB agreed to establish a COVID-19 Recovery Panel with £500,000 being utilised as a one-off from the Public Realm fund. In addition, unless further funding is received from WG towards the net loss of running the leisure services due to COVID-19, the Public Realm budget will be used to contribute towards this. CCMB have also approved a list of schemes to be funded from this budget in 2020-21, hence a break even position is projected at quarter 3.

4.3.4 Chief Executive's

The net budget for the Directorate for 2020-21 is £18.773 million. Current projections anticipate an under spend against this budget of £200,000. This is a significant improvement on the position reported at quarter 2 of a projected over spend of £1.118 million, and is mainly due to successful claims to WG since quarter 2 of £822,000 for the provision of facilities to support homeless individuals. Further COVID-19 expenditure and loss of income included in this projection amount to £855,000 - if these were to be successfully claimed from WG then the projection would improve to an under spend of £1.055 million. The main variances are:

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S	Net Budget	Projected Outturn	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget	% Variance	Over/ (under) specifically COVID- 19 related	
	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000	
Housing & Homelessness	1,162	1,398	236	20.3%	409	
Finance	3,700	3,611	(89)	-2.4%	290	
HR and Organisational Development	1,836	1,667	(169)	-9.2%	-	
ICT	3,472	3,611	139	4.0%	-	
Legal, Democratic & Regulatory	4,929	4,836	(93)	-1.9%	156	
Customer Services & Engagement	1,625	1,467	(158)	-9.7%	-	

Housing & Homelessness

• The projected over spend of £236,000 on Housing & Homelessness is primarily due to the additional costs due to COVID-19 – e.g. provision of facilities to isolate homeless individuals (B&B, hotels etc) and provision of essential supplies. As shown in Table 2, £1.565 million has been successfully claimed for COVID-19 homelessness costs incurred to November 2020. The current projection does not include the value of future claims to WG to cover COVID-19 costs for the remainder of 2020-21. The final claim is estimated to be £375,000. There is also a loss of income claim of £32,000 for quarter2 currently on hold. If both these claims are successful, the projection would improve to an under spend of £171,000.

Finance

Whilst there is a projected under spend of £89,000 on Finance, included in this
projection is a shortfall of £290,000 relating to court cost income. WG has
indicated they will consider loss of income from court cost income at the year
end. The shortfall in income has been offset by staffing vacancies across
Finance and Housing Benefits.

HR and Organisational Development

• There is a projected under spend across HR and Organisational Development of £169,000. This primarily relates to staffing vacancies (£120,000) which HR are actively recruiting to fill, or have already filled. In particular, whilst Council approved a £200,000 Council Wide Apprenticeship Programme budget pressure for 2020-21 as part of the MTFS in February 2020, the pandemic delayed the recruitment to the apprenticeship posts resulting in a projected

£88,000 under spend in this area. All apprenticeship posts are anticipated to be filled shortly.

ICT

There is a projected over spend of £139,000 in ICT. Due to reduced printing
activity ICT have been unable to cover the fixed costs of printers and
photocopiers through the recharge to service departments, resulting in an over
spend against the ICT print budget. Consequently, reduced spend will have
been incurred on printing budgets across the service departments and included
in individual service area projections.

Legal, Democratic & Regulatory

• There is a projected under spend of £93,000. This is primarily due to staff vacancy management across legal, member services and procurement, offset by lower than forecast levels of income received for registrars, land charges, licencing fees. £148,000 has been included in the claim to WG for 'loss of income' for the first and second quarter of 2020-21 and is currently on hold so has not been included in the quarter 3 projections. It is anticipated that the loss of income for the remaining quarters of 2020-21 will be £7,500. If both these claims are successful, the projection would improve to an under spend of £248,500.

Customer Services & Engagement

 The projected under spend of £158,000 is predominantly in customer services and is due to staff vacancies, changes in staffing hours, staff opting out of pension and annual leave purchases. Various recruitment activities have been actioned in order to fill vacant posts but appointments have been affected by COVID-19.

4.3.5 Council Wide budgets

This section includes budgets, provisions and services which are council wide, and not managed by an individual directorate. The budget for 2020-21 is £42.481 million. The projected outturn is £35.304 million, resulting in a projected under spend of £7.177 million. The main variances are detailed below:

COUNCIL WIDE BUDGETS	Net Budget	Projected Outturn	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget	% Variance	Over/ (under) specifically COVID -19 related
	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000
Capital Financing	7,329	7,129	(200)	-2.7%	-
Other Council Wide Budgets	9,167	2,230	(6,937)	-75.7%	-

Capital Financing

 There is a projected under spend of £200,000 on interest paid/received due to a combination of lower borrowing than anticipated as the Council uses its own internal resources to finance schemes, and additional interest from current investments.

Other Council Wide Budgets

- Other Council Wide budgets includes funding for pay, price and pension increases along with funding to deal with unexpected costs unforeseen when the budget was set. There is a projected net under spend of £6.937 million on other corporate budgets. The main areas contributing to this under spend are:-
- When the MTFS was approved in February 2020, the pay increases for NJC employees and teachers had not been finalised, but a claim for NJC staff had been submitted for an increase of 10% and whilst provision was made in the budget based on previous years' increases, an element of contingency was built in given that. Even a variance of 1% on the pay settlement for NJC staff alone can result in a swing of required funding of over £1 million per annum.
- Inflation rates have fluctuated since the budget was set (CPI was 1.7% in February 2020 and had reduced to 0.3% by November 2020). The majority of the budget estimated for price inflation is retained centrally within Council wide budgets and allocated to directorates/schools as further information is known about specific contractual price increases e.g. for energy. Therefore, a significant part of the projected under spend (£1.5 million) relates to the movement on inflation rates since budget setting, and the reduced requirement to allocate budget to service areas in-year.
- Welsh Government advised local authorities during quarter 3 of additional grant funding being made available during 2020-21 to contribute towards the increased cost of teachers' pay increases which were originally funded in full through the MTFS (£291,980).
- As reported in Table 2, Bridgend has to date successfully claimed £7.541
 million from the WG Hardship fund to contribute towards additional expenditure
 incurred directly due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The difference in value
 claimed between quarter 2 and quarter 3 that otherwise would have had to have
 been met from other corporate budgets is £1.877 million.
- As reported in Table 3, Bridgend has to date successfully claimed £3.558
 million from WG due to loss of income directly as a result of the COVID-19
 pandemic. The difference in value claimed between quarter 2 and quarter 3
 that otherwise would have had to have been met from other corporate budgets
 is £1.553 million.
- The COVID-19 pandemic has also impacted on projected spend on other Council wide budgets, for example, there has been reduced spend on feasibility as projects have been delayed and reduced corporate support required to enable restructures to be undertaken as these have also been delayed by the pandemic.
- As noted in the quarter 2 revenue report to Cabinet on 20th October 2020 a detailed review of earmarked reserves was undertaken during quarter 3. Subsequently £665,000 of this under spend has been utilised to establish an earmarked reserve to meet the one-off pressures that have been identified for the 2021-22 financial year. In addition, based on the latest information available and the level of increase in recently agreed pay awards and the national living wage, it is likely that the provision currently set aside in the MTFS for 2021-22

- will need to be supplemented by any funding not committed from the Council wide budgets this financial year.
- Given the uncertainty of Brexit and COVID-19 at this point in the financial year, it is prudent to assume that all other Council wide budgets will be fully spent by the year end.

Council Tax Reduction Scheme

• There is currently a projected break even position on the Council Tax Reduction Scheme based on spend to date, funding from WG for quarter 1 of £133,000 and comparison against 2019-20 outturn. This is a demand led budget and take-up is difficult to predict. As noted in paragraph 4.1.18, the COVID pandemic has resulted in a significant increase in claims for universal credit, with a subsequent increase in eligibility for the council tax reduction scheme. The final additional cost of this is difficult to predict as we continue to see the full impact of the ongoing furlough scheme/newly unemployed and a likely increase in the benefits claimants.

4.4 Review of Earmarked Reserves

- 4.4.1 The Council is required to maintain adequate financial reserves to meet the needs of the organisation. The MTFS includes the Council's Reserves and Balances Protocol which sets out how the Council will determine and review the level of its Council Fund balance and earmarked reserves. At quarter 3 a review of the particular pressures that were to be covered by earmarked reserves was undertaken and Directorates have drawn down funding. The review also examined:-
 - Commitments against existing reserves and whether these were still valid;
 - Earmarked reserve requests from directorates as a result of emerging issues, and;
 - Emerging risks for the Council as a whole.
- 4.4.2 Table 7 below details the creation of new earmarked reserves, increases to existing earmarked reserves and amounts that have been unwound from reserves since the beginning of the financial year. There have been net additions of £6.315 million, the cumulative draw down by directorates is £973,000 and £516,000 has been unwound.

Table 7 – Earmarked Reserves (Excluding Council Fund) – Quarter 3

Opening Balance 01-Apr-20	Reserve	Net Additions/Re classification	Draw- down	Unwound	Closing Balance 31-Dec-20
£'000		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Corporate Reserves:				
(9,555)	Education & Family Support	(661)	50	-	(10,166)
(410)	Social Services & Wellbeing	(42)	54	-	(398)
(11,289)	Communities	(689)	55	40	(11,883)
(8,031)	Chief Executives	(2,200)	350	-	(9,881)
(14,004)	Non-Directorate	(258)	-	-	(14,262)
(43,289)	Total Corporate Reserves	(3,850)	509	40	(46,590)
	Directorate Earmarked Reserves:				
(289)	Education & Family Support	-	-	50	(239)
(2,027)	Social Services & Wellbeing	(291)	122	350	(1,846)
(4,991)	Communities	(1,291)	-	62	(6,220)
(824)	Chief Executives	(883)	167	-	(1,540)
(8,131)	Total Directorate Reserves	(2,465)	289	462	(9,845)
	Equalisation & Grant Earmarked Reserves:				
(961)	Education & Family Support	-	143	-	(818)
(65)	Social Services & Wellbeing	-	5	-	(60)
(1,902)	Communities	-	-	14	(1,888)
(767)	Chief Executives	-	27	-	(740)
(3,695)	Total Equalisation Reserves	-	175	14	(3,506)
(108)	School Balances	-	-	-	(108)
(55,223)	Total Reserves	(6,315)	973	516	(60,049)

- 4.4.3 The net appropriation to earmarked reserves as at quarter 3 is £5.799 million (£6.315 million additions offset by £516,000 that have been unwound). This net addition has been funded from the projected under spend on non-Directorate budgets at the end of quarter 3 as shown in Table 1.
- 4.4.4 The main additions in quarter 3 are a £2.5 million addition to the unallocated capital reserve to be utilised against projected capital pressures, a £1 million addition to the City Deal reserve which, whilst not resulting in an increase to the overall contribution the Council will make to the programme, will reduce the likelihood of the need to borrow to meet Bridgend's share of the scheme and therefore enable longer term revenue savings to be achieved much earlier than anticipated, a £800,000 increase to the Brexit reserve given the uncertainty of the financial impact at this point in time, and a £500,000 increase to the revenue maintenance reserve to be utilised against projected maintenance pressures.

5.0 Effect upon policy framework & procedure rules

5.1 As required by section 3 (budgetary control) of the Financial Procedure Rules; Chief Officers in consultation with the appropriate Cabinet Member are expected to manage their services within the approved cash limited budget and to provide the Chief Finance Officer with such information as is required to facilitate and monitor budgetary control.

6.0 Equalities Impact Assessment

6.1 There are no equality implications arising from this report.

7.0 Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 implications

7.1 The well-being goals identified in the Act were considered in the preparation of this report. As the report is for information it is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon the achievement of wellbeing goals/objectives as a result of this report.

8.0 Financial implications

8.1 These are reflected in the body of the report.

9.0 Recommendation

- 9.1 That the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee is requested to:
 - note the projected revenue position for 2020-21
 - note the virements between £100,000 and £500,000 as outlined in paragraph 4.1.19.

Gill Lewis Interim Chief Officer – Finance, Performance and Change January 2021

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Background documents: Individual Directorate Monitoring Reports



PRIOR YEAR BUDGET REDUCTIONS CARRIED FORWARD INTO 2020-21

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Original Reduction and RAG £000	Revised RAG to be achieved b 20-21 £000	y Reason why not achievable	Proposed Action in 2020-21 to achieve
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RAG STATUS	S KEY
	Not likely to be achieved at all in this financial year or less than 25%.
	Reduction not likely to be achieved in full in financial year but greater than 25%
CDEEN	Reduction likely to be cobjeyed in full

EDUCATIO	ON & FAMILY SUPPORT				
EFS1 (2017-18)	Phased implementation of Learner Transport Policy regarding statutory distances for free travel.	20	0	Shortfall in savings identified to be funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.	Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process
EFS2 (2017-18)	School transport route efficiencies.	40	0	Shortfall in savings identified to be funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.	Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process
EFS1 (2018-19)	Phased implementation of Learner Transport Policy regarding statutory distances for free travel.	67	0	Shortfall in savings identified to be funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.	Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process
EFS27 (2018-19)	Review arrangements for Special Schools Home to School Transport with a view to achieving efficiency savings	75	0	Shortfall in savings identified to be funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.	Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process
	Phased implementation of Learner Transport Policy regarding statutory distances for free travel.	67	0	Shortfall in savings identified to be funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressure to be submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.	Budget Pressure to be submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process
	Total Education & Family Support Directorate	269	0		

SOCIAL SERVICES & WELLBEING

	Total Social Services & Wellbeing Directorate	452	452		
	Identify further savings from library and cultural facilities and related services including reviewing the numbers of facilities (libraries, community centres) and also reductions in services or opening hours.	60		No reason why this saving should not be achieved in full in 2020-21.	No action required. Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
SSW010 (2018-19)	Increase in-house fostering provision	392	392		No action required. Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Original Reduction and RAG £000	RAG	Total amount of saving likely to be achieved by 20-21 £000	Reason why not achievable	Proposed Action in 2020-21 to achieve
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COMMUNITIES

COM19 (2017-18)	Permitting Scheme road works net of existing income of £95,000	100	0	Timeline not in the direct control of BCBC officers as the business case is going through multiple steps in an approval process with WG. However ultimately a positive response is expected, and this is being lead by the group manager to ensure it is followed through.	The Streetworks review is reaching completion and will be submitted to WG for consideration. The responsible highways network budget area is committed to stay within budget irrespective of the delivery of the scheme.
COM 4 (2019-20)	Review of School Crossing Patrol service in line with GB standards	10		The level of service need is currently in excess of the available budget, hence saving is not likely to be fully achieved in 2020-21.	The provision of the service and the MTFS is predicated on sites meeting certain guidance. Assessment of sites continue to be reviewed in line with the Council protocol and if sites do not meet the criteria they could be considered for dis-establishment.
COM 20 (2019-20)	Highways Dept Management Structural Savings Target	100	100	No reason why this saving should not be achieved in full in 2020-21.	No action required. Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM 26 (2019-20)	Investigate the introduction of charging to users of the Shopmobility facility in Bridgend Town Centre to reduce/remove the current level of subsidy	5	0	Cabinet considered a report in January 2020 and approved the introduction of new hire fees and alteration to opening times to enable this saving to be achieved. However, whilst the new charges have been implemented in 2020-21, COVID-19 has impacted on the ability to fully achieve the savings proposal.	No further action required as shortfall is COVID-19 related.
COM 44 (2019-20)	Bridgend Bus Station - alternative measures to explore full cost recovery and external support will be pursued but, failing this, the likely required step to deliver this saving is closure.	45	45	Budget re-alignment from Public Realm budget actioned in 2020-21.	No action required. Budget re-alignment actioned in 2020-21.
COM 46 (2019-20)	Removal of budget for Subsidised Bus Routes	148	148	No reason why this saving should not be achieved in full in 2020-21.	No action required. Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM 52 (2019-20)	Reductions to the budget for the Materials Recovery and Energy Centre (MREC) to be achieved through the current procurement being undertaken with Neath Port Talbot CBC for the provision of new operator arrangements for the MREC facility at Crumlyn Burrows	1,300	1,000	Shortfall in savings identified of £300,000 - funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.	Budget Pressure submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process
COM 55 (2019-20)	Increase charge for Green Waste Service from £28.30 per household to £38.30	25		Whilst the new charges have been implemented, closure of the green waste processing facility and hence cessation of the green waste service for the first part of 2020-21 due to COVID-19 has impacted on the ability to fully achieve the savings proposal	No further action required as shortfall is COVID-19 related.
COM 59 (2019-20)	Reduction to the opening hours of the Community Recycling Centres by 1 hour, per day.	17	17	No reason why this saving should not be achieved in full in 2020-21.	No action required. Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
	Total Communities Directorate	1,750	1,310		

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S

CEX10 (2019-20)	Review CCTV function with aim to create efficiencies	30		No reason why this saving should not be achieved in full in 2020-21.	No action required. Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
	Total Chief Executive's Directorate	30	30		
	GRAND TOTAL OUTSTANDING REDUCTIONS	2,501	1,792		
•					
	REDUCTIONS SHORTFALL		709		

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act	Proposed 2020-21 £'000	Value Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000	Reason why not likely to be achievable
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EDUCATION & FAMILY SUPPORT CENTRAL EDUCATION & FAMILY SUPPORT

<u> </u>	L EDUCATION & FAMILY SUPPORT				
EFS1	Phased implementation of Learner Transport Policy regarding statutory distances for free travel	Savings should occur naturally as a result of the policy application year on year, however dispersed learners and contractual pressure from operators as routes become more untenable may mean it becomes increasingly difficult to find the identified savings. Risk of price increases from Contractors.	75	0	On 15 September 2020 Cabinet resolved to defer the decision to amend the Local Authority's Learner Travel Policy until after the review of the current statutory distances by Welsh Government in March 2021. It is unlikely that any change to the statutory distances by Welsh Government will follow until 2022 at the earliest and therefore even if the statutory distances reduce as a result of this review, the RSG would unlikely reflect this until 2022/23 at the earliest. The shortfall in savings identified to be funded from corporate contingency in 2020-21 with a Budget Pressures submitted as part of the 2021-22 MTFS process.
EFS44	Review of Childcare Team	Review existing staffing structure within the Childcare Team with a view to moving core funded staff to grant, where this option is eligible under grant conditions. In addition a review of the service demand placed on the Development Officers in supporting the private nursery settings throughout the county borough, ensuring a streamlined service that meets minimum statutory requirements. There are however, significant risks in making further reductions in this budget line (RSG) given Welsh Government's policy linked with both the national statutory Childcare Offer and Child Sufficiency requirements. In addition, this budget line has been reduced in previous years and existing demand (to fund placements) is exceeding budget.	10	10	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
EFS48	Efficiency saving targeting supplies and services budgets across the Education and Family Support Directorate	Limited impact as review has identified small historic underspends against this budget category.	87	87	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
EFS54	Further reduction to contribution to the Central South Consortium (CSC)	This would need to be agreed with other partners within the Consortium.	17	17	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
EFS57	Further review of staffing structures across the Education and Family Support Directorate	Potential delays in service delivery.	50	0	Savings target is currently under review. No savings anticipated in 2020-21.
	Total Education and Family Support		239	114	

Ref. Budget Reduction Proposal Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act Proposed 2020-21 A	/alue Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000
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SOCIAL SERVICES & WELLBEING

	SERVICES & WELLBEING				
SSW19	Further review of HALO partnership contract, including the Council taking over the management and payment of utility bills currently incurred by HALO. This will result in VAT efficiencies for HALO and contribute towards the reduction in the management fee	Previous negotiations have proved successful. No adverse impact identified.	40	0	Ongoing detailed discussions and seeking advice from VAT consultants. Underspends held across the service area to mitigate the shortfall in the short term.
SSW20	Identify further savings from leisure centres and swimming pools including reviewing the number of facilities and also reductions in services or opening hours.	Reduced availability of services and accessibility to the public. Negative impact on healthier wales wellbeing goals.	70	0	COVID-19 has impacted on the delivery of this saving in 2020-21. Underspends being held across the service area to mitigate the shortfall in the short term.
SSW22	Identify further savings from library and cultural facilities and related services including reviewing the numbers of facilities (libraries, community centres) and also reductions in services or opening hours.	Reduced availability of services and accessibility to the public. Negative impact on healthier wales wellbeing goals.	20	20	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
SSW26	Remodelling day service provision for older people and learning disability services	Full review of services which could mean alternative methods of service delivery	90	90	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
SSW27	Increase income generation from mobile response and telecare charging	Limited impact on current services but would require commercial expertise to assist with the proposal	75	0	Commercial expertise involvement required to progress this proposal. Savings likely to be achieved will not be known until review has been completed.
SSW28	Increase non-residential charging limits from £90 to £100 per week. This is totally reliant on Welsh Government changing the limits within their non-residential charging policy in 2020/21	Limited impact on services	200	200	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21 as charging policy has been amended by Welsh Government.

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act	Proposed 2020-21 £'000	Value Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000	Reason why not likely to be achievable
SSW29	Further review of staffing structures across Adults and Children Services including: The management structures in the direct provider services as well as reviewing the demands on the service and the direct care hours needed to meet those demands. The overall management structure across Adults, Children and Wellbeing services The service will be reviewing its overall professional staff to ensure the levels of the staff meet current demands whilst being aware that the service need to ensure that the caseloads of qualified staff are in line with acceptable standard because if they are not it would impact on practice and performance and increase risk in the service as well as impacting on recruitment and retention and the Authority's ability to attractive suitably experienced and qualified staff.	This will mean reducing staff numbers, which will incur redundancy costs. There will also be reduced capacity within teams across the directorate	175	77	Shortfall due to timing of implementation of restructures. Close scrutiny of staff vacancy management will support the current shortfall.
SSW30	iaeedeemani iramawark ia iaciilaa caneiaarailaa	It is envisaged that the number of care hours will reduce for service users across the directorate	150	150	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
	Total Social Services & Wellbeing Directorate		820	537	

COMMUNITIES

COM26	Investigate the introduction of charging to users of the Shopmobility facility in Bridgend Town Centre to reduce/remove the current level of subsidy otherwise closure of the facility will be necessary	The popularity of the service is generally declining with a significantly reduced number of users. Changes in technology have meant that lightweight, affordable scooters have now greatly increased in private ownership, compared to when the facility was introduced. The provision is non statutory and not one provided in other town centres in the County Borough or in many town centres of neighbouring authorities. On this basis in order to make the service viable it is proposed to introduce charging but if this does not present a realistic option to make the full required saving closure of the facility would be necessary. There is a risk that some members of the community with mobility issues may struggle to pay the necessary charges and therefore maybe unable to gain access to the town centre. It is proposed to engage with users of the facility to inform the way forward.	18	0	Cabinet considered a report in January 2020 and approved the introduction of new hire fees and alteration to opening times to enable this saving to be achieved. However, whilst the new charges have been implemented in 2020-21, the lockdown of the town centre early in 2020-21 due to COVID-19 has impacted on the ability to fully achieve the savings proposal.
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Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act		Value Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000	Reason why not likely to be achievable
	(£75K). Corresponding reduction to large and	The cut identified for both 2019-20 and 2020-21 will mean that there are reduced levels of maintenance and slower reaction times which will mean a degradation over time which will result in higher future capital costs i.e. maintenance of remaining pavilions.	69	69	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM43		The agreement between BCBC and Kenfig Corporation Trust (KCT) ends in December 2019. It is currently proposed that BCBC does not enter into any new agreement. KCT are underway with a process, supported by their agent HRT, to identify a new tenant. This process is being conducted in partnership with NRW. There is a risk that the level of management may be affected, however there is also the opportunity that the new tenant may be able to draw on resources that BCBC cannot.	35	35	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM51	Ongoing implementation of Corporate Landlord model	ne savings will be delivered in a number of ways including perational efficiencies, streamlined business processes, IT vestment, improved procurement and contract management, and ome deletions of vacant posts.		325	Level of savings identified as at Quarter 3 2020- 21. Service area will continue to identify efficiencies to meet shortfall
COM55	Increase charge for Green Waste Service from £28.30 per household to £38.30	The new waste contract related items would require both Contract Variation negotiations with Kier to confirm the saving levels proposed and public consultation regarding the charge changes and reduced levels of service.	25	0	Whilst the new charges have been implemented, closure of the green waste processing facility and hence cessation of the green waste service for the first part of 2020-21 due to COVID-19 has impacted on the ability to fully achieve the savings proposal
COM56	Increase charge for collection of 3 bulky waste items from £15.50 to £20.	The waste contract items would require both Contract Variation negotiations with Kier to confirm the saving levels proposed and	10	10	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
		public consultation regarding the charge changes and reduced levels of service.	17	17	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
		No impact that is within the control of BCBC following a unsuccessful BID ballot.	15	15	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM76		This would involve a review of the berth fees and other operational costs. Any approach to outsourcing management would likely require financial support and therefore negate any savings.	25	25	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act	Proposed 2020-21 £'000	Value Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000	Reason why not likely to be achievable
COM77	Direct Services Organisation (DSO) staffing restructure - the front line staffing for highways which deal with a range of highway issues such as Winter gritting, Traffic collisions clear up, Flooding, Gully maintenance, Maintenance of Traffic signs, streetlights and traffic signals. The team have a major role within the Borough in the maintenance and repair of the highway. Since the loss of work the team undertook on behalf of the South Wales Trunk Road Agency (SWTRA) there is the potential to make a saving in the DSO staffing structure.	This would be potentially focused at a managerial level with the implication on the ability to deal with service requests in regard of local construction projects. It would also increase the single point failure in regard of sickness absence for remaining members of team.	50	50	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM79	Investigate reducing costs and increasing charging for running the Bridgend Business Forum for specific events to reduce/remove the current level of subsidy otherwise reduction in the service level will be necessary.	If reduced costs and increased charges are accepted impact should be minimal, there is a risk that the level of support / number of events may need to be reduced to support the saving.	18	18	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
COM96		This would require Contract Variation negotiations with Kier to confirm the saving levels proposed based on a reduction in costs in relation to the current AHP vehicle that is leased	14	0	It has taken significantly longer than expected to work through the detail of the variation order required to action this saving, due to other pressing time demands, including dealing with the pandemic response. It is expected that this saving will now be delivered in full in 2021-22.
	Total Communities Directorate		646	564	

CHIEF EXECUTIVES

CEX1	Efficiencies from Shared Regulatory Service	May require restructuring within service and impact on response times, but will be managed across the 3 participating Councils and will aim to minimise impact.	37	37	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
CEX11	The expansion of the shared internal audit service has created efficiencies resulting in reduced contribution for BCBC	No impact on service provision	40	40	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
CEX12	Reduction of HR staffing budgets	Potential reduction of posts and redundancy costs	44	44	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
CEX13	Reduction of Partnerships Services budgets - savings achieved through software rationalisation and removal of vacancies within the ICT service unit	Minimal service impact as savings a result of vacancies and efficiencies	200	200	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act	Proposed 2020-21 £'000	Value Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000	Reason why not likely to be achievable
CEX15	Reduction of Legal fees budgets	Minimal impact	80	80	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
CEX16	Reduce Members' training budget	Less training opportunities for elected members.	7	7	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
CEX17	Reduction of Business Support staffing budgets	Potential reduction of posts and redundancy costs	100	100	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
	Total Chief Executive's Directorate		508	508	

Ref.	Budget Reduction Proposal	Impact, including on 5 Ways of Working as set out in the Wellbeing of Future Generations Act	Proposed 2020-21 £'000	Value Likely to be Achieved 2020-21 £'000	Reason why not likely to be achievable
CORPOR	ATE / COUNCIL WIDE				
CWD6	Reduction in funding required for Apprenticeship Levy	No impact as budget historically been higher than required.	50	50	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
CWD11	Reduction in the budget to cover the cost to the Council of the outstanding liability for Employers Liability, Public Liability and Property following favourable insurance contract renewals in previous years.	No impact as favourable insurance contract renewals have been achieved, however no mitigation available for potential increases to premiums in future years.	150	150	Full saving should be achieved in 2020-21.
	Total Corporate / Council Wide		200	200	
	GRAND TOTAL REDUCTIONS		2,413	1,923	

TOTAL BUDGET REDUCTION REQUIREMENT (MOST LIKELY)

REDUCTION SHORTFALL

1,023	1,521
996	525
394	367
2,413	2,413

2,413

490

2,413

0

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	Buc	lget 2020-21				
BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL	Expenditure Budget	Income Budget	Net Budget	Projected Outturn	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget	% Variance
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
	•					
EDUCATION AND FAMILY SUPPORT						
School Delegated Budgets	122,716	(21,302)	101,414	101,414	-	0.0%
Learning	9,938	(3,060)	6,878	7,243	365	5.3%
Strategic Partnerships & Comm	25,294	(10,462)	14,832	15,876	1,044	7.0%
Health and Safety	390	(2)	388	306	(82)	-21.0%
TOTAL EDUCATION AND FAMILY SUPPORT	158,338	(34,826)	123,512	124,839	1,327	1.1%
SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING					T	
Adult Social Care	66,932	(18,117)	48,815	49,521	706	1.4%
Prevention and Wellbeing	5,993	(793)	5,200	5,139	(61)	-1.2%
Safeguarding & Family Support	20,111	(886)	19,225	19,392	167	0.9%
TOTAL SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING	93,036	(19,796)	73,240	74,052	812	1.1%
						•
COMMUNITIES DIRECTORATE						
Planning & Development Services	1,809	(1,257)	552	459	(93)	-16.8%
Strategic Regeneration	2,110	(420)	1,690	1,690	- '	0.0%
Economy, Natural Resources and Sustainability	2,742	(1,672)	1,070	731	(339)	-31.7%
Cleaner Streets and Waste Management	12,502	(1,865)	10,637	10,740	103	1.0%
Highways and Green Spaces	22,146	(10,956)	11,190	10,548	(642)	-5.7%
Director and Head of Operations - Communities	278	-	278	280	2	0.7%
Corporate Landlord	13,552	(10,590)	2,962	3,179	217	7.3%
TOTAL COMMUNITIES	55,139	(26,760)	28,379	27,627	(752)	-2.6%
CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S						
Chief Executive	514	-	514	520	6	1.2%
Finance	46,527	(42,828)	3,699	3,610	(89)	-2.4%
HR/OD	2,199	(363)	1,836	1,667	(169)	-9.2%
Partnerships	3,089	(1,037)	2,052	1,822	(230)	-11.2%
Legal, Democratic & Regulatory	5,917	(988)	4,929	4,836	(93)	
Elections	164	(60)	104	104	- 120	0.0%
ICT	4,802	(1,330)	3,472	3,611	139	4.0%
Housing & Homelessness Business Support	8,651 1,116	(7,489) (111)	1,162 1,005	1,398 1,005	236	20.3%
• •	1,110	(111)	1,000	1,000		0.070
TOTAL CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S	72,979	(54,206)	18,773	18,573	(200)	-1.1%
TOTAL DIRECTORATE BUDGETS	379,492	(135,588)	243,904	245,091	1,187	0.5%
Council Wide Budgets	43,451	(970)	42,481	35,304	(7,177)	-16.9%
Appropriation to Earmarked Reserves	500	-	500	5,799	5,299	0.0%
NET BRIDGEND CBC	423,443	(136,558)	286,885	286,194	(691)	-0.2%

NB: Differences due to rounding of £000's



Agenda Item 4

BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL

REPORT TO THE CORPORATE OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 3 MARCH 2021

REPORT OF THE CHIEF OFFICER - LEGAL, HR & REGULATORY SERVICES

FORWARD WORK PROGRAMME UPDATE

1. Purpose of report

- a) To present the items previously proposed for the interim Forward Work Programme, following consideration of the quarter 2 Performance Update at the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee (COSC) on 14 January 2021 including those items proposed for the Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committees (SOSC);
- b) To request the Committee to review the Forward Work Programme items proposed;
- c) To request the Committee to identify any further items for consideration on the Forward Work Programme for the remainder of the schedule of Scrutiny meetings for 2020-21, using the agreed Criteria Form.

2. Connection to corporate well-being objectives/other corporate priorities

- 2.1 This report assists in the achievement of the following corporate well-being objectives under the **Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015**:
 - 1. **Supporting a successful sustainable economy** taking steps to make the county borough a great place to do business, for people to live, work, study and visit, and to ensure that our schools are focussed on raising the skills, qualifications and ambitions for all people in the county borough.
 - 2. Helping people and communities to be more healthy and resilient taking steps to reduce or prevent people from becoming vulnerable or dependent on the Council and its services. Supporting individuals and communities to build resilience, and enable them to develop solutions to have active, healthy and independent lives.
 - 3. **Smarter use of resources** ensure that all resources (financial, physical, ecological, human and technological) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible and support the creation of resources throughout the community that can help to deliver the Council's well-being objectives.

3. Background

- 3.1 Under the terms of the Council's Constitution, each Overview and Scrutiny Committee must publish a Forward Work Programme (FWP) as far as it is known.
- 3.2 An effective FWP will identify the issues that the Committee wishes to focus on during the year and provide a clear rationale as to why particular issues have been selected, as well as the approach that will be adopted; i.e. will the Committee be undertaking a policy review/ development role ("Overview") or performance management approach ("Scrutiny").
- 3.3 The FWPs will remain flexible and will be revisited at each COSC meeting with input from each Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committee and any information gathered from FWP meetings with Corporate Directors and Cabinet.

Scrutiny Update

- 3.4 Following the approval of the schedule of Scrutiny Committee meeting dates at the Annual Meeting of Council on 30th September 2020, the scheduling of standing statutory reports to Scrutiny Committees upon: the Medium Term Financial Strategy, Performance, the Corporate Plan, Budget Monitoring, Scrutiny Annual Report, etc. were mapped.
- 3.5 Forward Work Programme Update reports were submitted to Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committees held in October / November 2020 for consideration, and to be fed back to this Committee to set a focused overall Scrutiny Forward Work Programme.
- 3.6 Due to the revised timing of the Local Government financial settlement from Welsh Government, scrutiny of the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) was considered by Scrutiny Committees after Cabinet considers draft MTFS proposals on 19th January 2021 and not in the December cycle of meetings as originally planned and arrangements were made to move the date of the January meetings to facilitate this, as approved by Council on 18th November 2020.
- 3.7 At the round of SOSC meetings held in October / November 2020, the Committees received Forward Work Programme Updates and agreed to receive updated briefings from the relevant Corporate Director on the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic upon their Service areas and the operational response, in their meetings in December and that the MTFS would be considered in the January cycle of meetings.

Identification of Further Items

3.8 The SOSCs were also asked whether they wished to identify any further items for consideration on the interim Scrutiny Forward Work Programme for the remainder of the municipal calendar of meetings, using the prior agreed Criteria Form. The Committee are reminded of the Criteria Form which Members can use to propose further items for the FWP which the Committee can then consider for prioritisation at a future meeting. The Criteria Form emphasises the need to consider issues such as impact, risk, performance, budget and community perception when identifying topics for investigation and to ensure a strategic responsibility for Scrutiny and that its work benefits the Authority. The SOSCs agreed it would be prudent to wait until

the Corporate Directors reported to their December meetings, before identifying further items for consideration for inclusion in the Forward Work Programme.

4. Current situation / proposal

- 4.1 Members will be aware that this is the last cycle of Scrutiny Meetings within the original schedule of Scrutiny Meetings for 2020-21 agreed by Council, with COSC on 3rd March 2021, SOSC 1 on 15th March 2021, SOSC 2 on 21st April 2021 and SOSC 3 on 26th April 2021.
- 4.2 In the December round of SOSC meetings SOSC 1 proposed a report upon Blended / hybrid / remote learning including safeguarding (welfare and wellbeing) as an item for their Work Programme for the next meeting, which has been scheduled for the meeting of SOSC 1 on 15th March 2021.
- 4.3 At the meeting of COSC held on 14th January 2021 following consideration of the quarter 2 Performance Update report, the Committee confirmed the following proposed items identified for the Forward Work Programme:
 - Stress Related Sickness Absence (COSC)
 - Safeguarding (SOSC2)
 - Future Waste Contract (SOSC3)
 - Town Centre Masterplan (post consultation) COSC
 - In the medium-term: the effect of the Pandemic upon the delivery of the Corporate Plan (Cross-Party Recovery Panel /COSC)
 - In the long-term: Corporate Tender Contract and Procurement Policies / Procedures when appropriate. (COSC)

Corporate Parenting

- 4.4 Corporate Parenting is the term used to describe the responsibility of a Local Authority towards looked after children and young people. This is a legal responsibility given to local authorities by the Children Act 1989 and the Children Act 2004. The role of the Corporate Parent is to seek for children in public care the outcomes every good parent would want for their own children. The Council as a whole is the 'corporate parent', therefore all Members have a level of responsibility for the children and young people looked after by Bridgend.
- 4.5 In this role, it is suggested that Members consider how each item they consider affects children in care and care leavers, and in what way can the Committee assist in these areas.
- 4.6 Scrutiny Champions can greatly support the Committee in this by advising them of the ongoing work of the Cabinet Committee Corporate Parenting and particularly any decisions or changes which they should be aware of as Corporate Parents.

5. Effect upon policy framework and procedure rules

5.1 The work of the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee relates to the review and development of plans, policy or strategy that form part of the Policy Framework and consideration of plans, policy or strategy relating to the power to promote or improve economic, social or environmental wellbeing in the County Borough of Bridgend. Any changes to the structure of the Scrutiny Committees and the procedures relating to them would require the Bridgend County Borough Council constitution to be updated.

6. Equality Impact Assessment

6.1 There are no equality impacts arising directly from this report.

7. Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 implications

- 7.1 The Act provides the basis for driving a different kind of public service in Wales, with 5 ways of working to guide how public services should work to deliver for people. The following is a summary to show how the 5 ways of working to achieve the well-being goals have been used to formulate the recommendations within this report:
 - Long-term The approval of this report will assist in the planning of Scrutiny business in both the short-term and in the long-term on its policies, budget and service delivery.
 - Prevention The early preparation of the Forward Work Programme allows for the advance planning of Scrutiny business where Members are provided an opportunity to influence and improve decisions before they are made by Cabinet.
 - Integration The report supports all the wellbeing objectives.
 - Collaboration Consultation on the content of the Forward Work Programme
 has taken place with the Corporate Management Board, Heads
 of Service, Elected Members and members of the public.
 - Involvement Advanced publication of the Forward Work Programme ensures that the public and stakeholders can view topics that will be discussed in Committee meetings and are provided with the opportunity to engage.

8. Financial implications

8.1 The delivery of the Forward Work Programme will be met from within existing resources for Overview and Scrutiny support.

9. Recommendations

- 9.1 The Committee is recommended to:
 - a) Consider the items previously proposed for the interim Forward Work Programme, following consideration of the quarter 2 Performance Update at COSC on 14 January 2021 including those items proposed for the Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committees;
 - b) Review the Forward Work Programme items proposed as outlined at paragraph 4.3;
 - c) Identify any further items for consideration on the Forward Work Programme for the remainder of the schedule of Scrutiny meetings for 2020-21, using the agreed Criteria Form.

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Background documents: None

